











Food waste reduction in public catering

FW in quick service restaurants

Technologické centrum AV ČR



Objective of the presentation

To show results of measuring food waste









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- To explain causes of food losses/waste
- To offer solutions
- To consider favourable conditions and barriers



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Actors' views



Design of the research





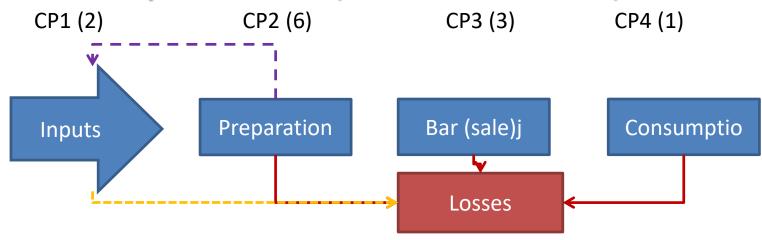








Survey of losses (4 Critical Points)



- Round tables with the management and employees of the selected QSR chains
- Stakeholder conference with workshops
- guidelines for food waste prevention



Measuring food waste

- Red
- REDUKCE PLÝTVÁNÍ POTRAVINAMI VE VEŘEJNÉM STRAVOVÁNÍ
 - MEDIAN

 Torbrož lidlo







- Scope: Quick service restaurants (QSR)
- Autumn 2018
- 3 QSR chains, 4 outlets each
- 6 outlets in Prague, 5 out of Prague various locations
- 4 to 7 days = 63 days of surveying food waste
- Done by outsiders volunteers (students) hired by the project

Prezentace výsledků

šetření









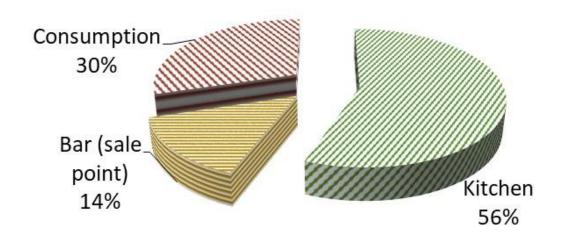




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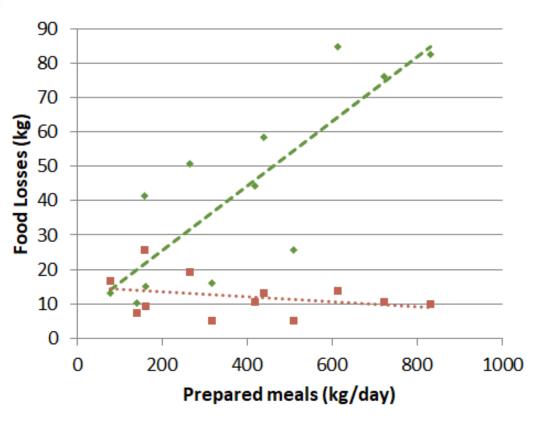
Overall results

- During the survey: prepared 37.4 t of meals (25,7 t without drinks) for 70 thousand customers
 - 381 kg of prepared food without drinks a day
- Monitored almost 3 t of food losses/waste
 - 45.5 kg per outlet and day
 - 11.1 kg per 100kg of prepared meals without drink
 - Suitable for donation between 1.8 to 24 kg per the outlet and day



FW relationship to the outlet size

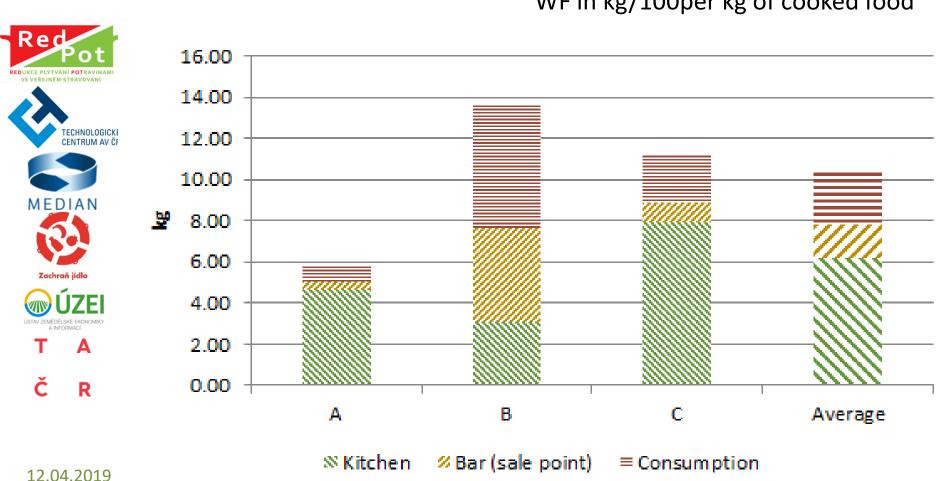




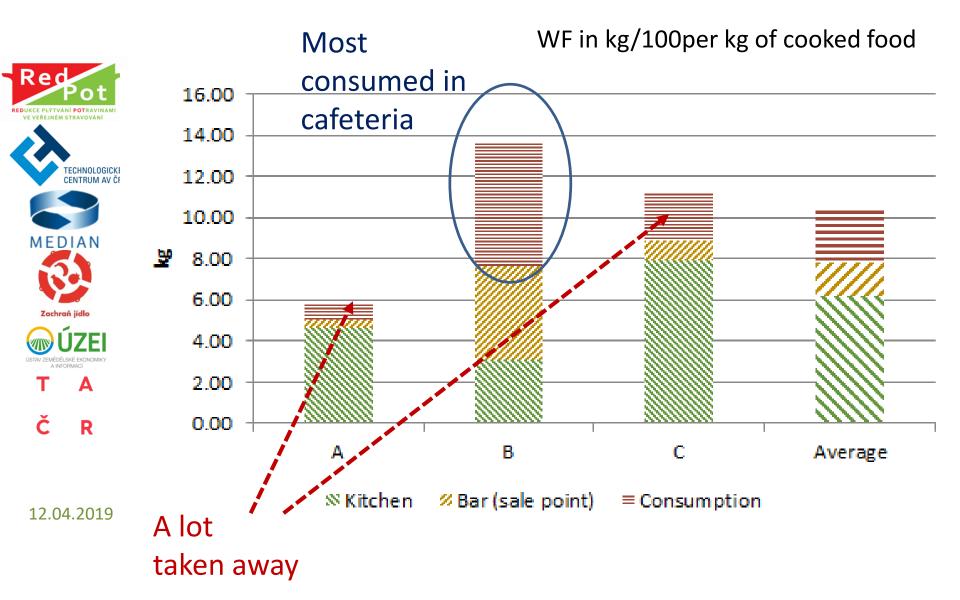
- Loss in kg/day
- Loss in kg/100 kg of prep. meals
- --- Lineární (Loss in kg/day)
- Lineární (Loss in kg/100 kg of prep. meals)

Differentiated picture of FW

WF in kg/100per kg of cooked food

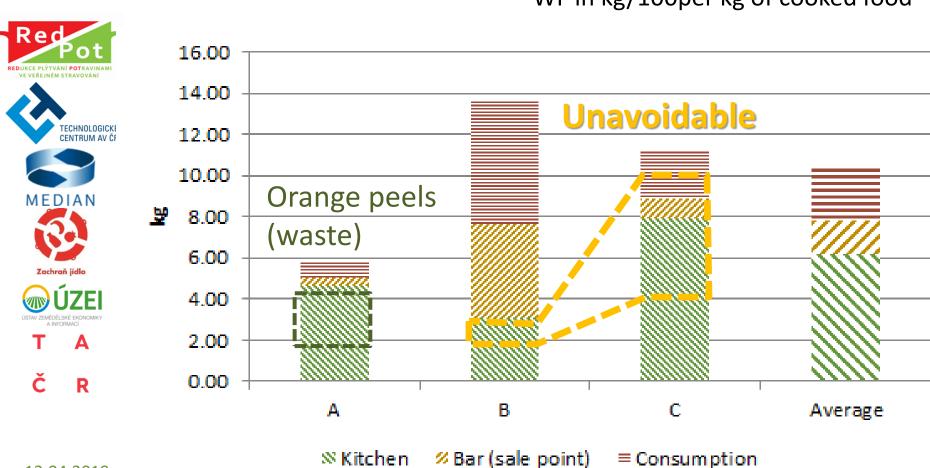


Differentiated picture of FW



Differentiated picture of FW

WF in kg/100per kg of cooked food



Unavoidable food waste













Def	Most narrow	Extended 1	Extended 2		
	Tea bags	The most narrow +	Extended 1 +		
	Coffee dregs	Skins and scraps of	Flour for breading		
	Bones	vegetables and fruits			
	Eggshells	Orange peels			
		(wastes)			
	Cobs of corn				
	Waste fryer grease				
	Waste fryer oil				
Chain Amount in kg per 100 kg of cooked meals without drinks					
Α	0.68	2.39	2.39		
В	0.52	1.10	1.10		
С	4.91	4.91	6.89		
Chain The share of unavoidable waste on the total food losses/waste					
Α	12%	41%	41%		
В	4%	8%	8%		
С	44%	44%	62%		



Upscaling







Upscaling to the QSR sectors

Sectors	5		
		Fast food	Cafeterias
Sales	mil. EUR	1 740	365
Food waste	t	18338	8473
The share of food waste on sales		2.05%	4.51%

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Causes



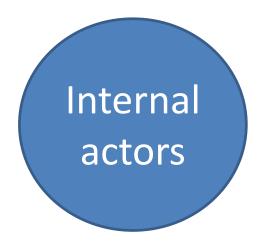












Possible solutions

Conditions/ barriers

Round tables

Possible solutions

Causes

Fast food restaurants

Cafeterias



Failure of humans + the rate of preprocessing and quality of inputs

2. Internal standards

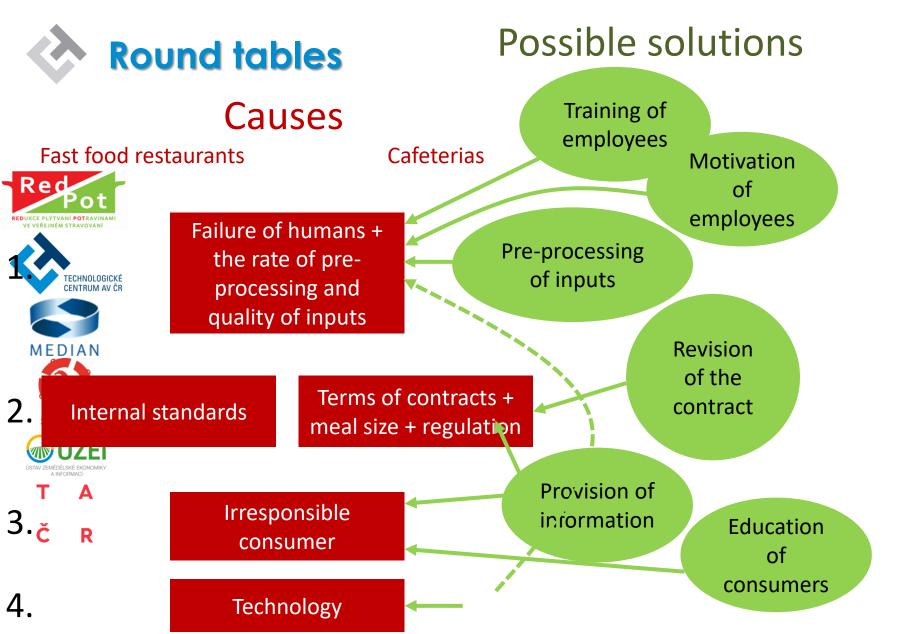
Terms of contracts + meal size + regulation

ÚSTAV ZEMĚDĚLSKÉ EKONO A INFORMACÍ

3._{č R}

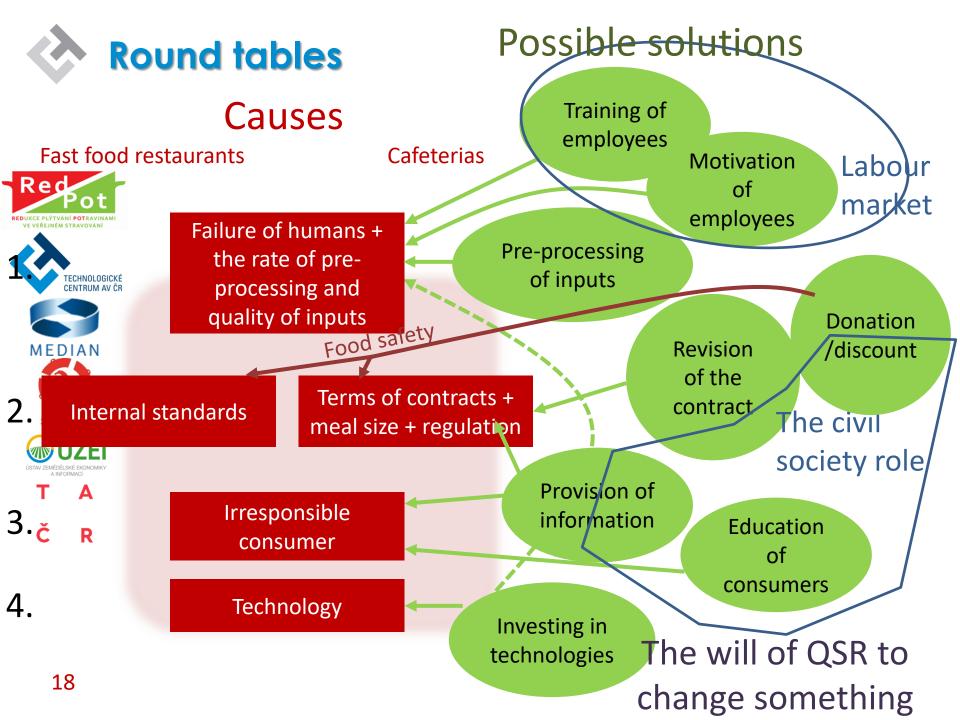
Irresponsible consumer

Technology



Possible solutions **Round tables** Causes Training of employees Fast food restaurants Cafeterias Motivation of employees Failure of humans + Pre-processing the rate of preof inputs TECHNOLOGICKÉ CENTRUM AV ČR processing and quality of inputs **Donation** Food sarety Revision /discount MEDIAN of the Terms of contracts + contract Internal standards meal size + regulation Provision of Irresponsible information Education R consumer of consumers **Technology** Investing in technologies

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Conclusions – input in the debate

- Food losses are not big but also not negligible
- Level of unavoidable waste determines space for reduction
 - If the unavoidable high should not be reconsider the system?
- Appeal on consumers
 - They need information
 - Consumption options
 - "Social contract-agreement"
- Responsibility of firms











